

Transocean Ltd.

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News Release

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TRANSOCEAN LTD. PROVIDES FLEET STATUS REPORT

ZUG, SWITZERLAND—January 15, 2015—Transocean Ltd. (NYSE: RIG) (SIX: RIGN) today issued a comprehensive Fleet Status Report which provides the current status and contract information for the company's entire fleet of offshore drilling rigs. The total value of new contracts since the December 18, 2014 Fleet Update Summary is approximately \$24 million.

The report includes the following:

- *Transocean Searcher* Awarded a one well contract in the Norwegian sector of the North Sea at a dayrate of \$340,000 (\$14 million estimated backlog). The rig's prior dayrate was \$368,000.
- *M.G. Hulme, Jr.* Awarded a one well contract offshore Malaysia at a dayrate of \$174,000 (\$10 million estimated backlog). The rig's previously announced contract dayrate was \$200,000.
- The Discoverer Spirit, Deepwater Frontier, and Sedco 707, are idle.
- Estimated 2014 planned out-of-service time decreased by a net 66 days. Estimated 2015 planned out-of-service time decreased by a net 30 days.

The company intends, in an environmentally responsible manner, to scrap the deepwater floater *Discoverer Seven Seas*. The rig is classified as held for sale. Including this rig, the company has already or intends to scrap a total of 12 lower-specification floaters. Additionally, the *Transocean Rather* is held for sale. The rig was previously stacked.

The report can be accessed on the company's website at www.deepwater.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

The statements described in this press release that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These statements contain words such as "possible," "intend," "will," "if," "expect" or other similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on management's current expectations and assumptions, and are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. As a result, actual results could differ materially from those indicated in these forward-looking statements. Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially include, but are not

limited to, estimated duration of customer contracts, contract dayrate amounts, future contract commencement dates and locations, planned shipyard projects and other out-of-service time, sales of drilling units, operating hazards and delays, risks associated with international operations, actions by customers and other third parties, the future prices of oil and gas, the intention to scrap certain drilling rigs and other factors, including those and other risks discussed in the company's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013, and in the company's other filings with the SEC, which are available free of charge on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize (or the other consequences of such a development worsen), or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those indicated or expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements attributable to the company or to persons acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by reference to these risks and uncertainties. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Each forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date of the particular statement, and we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that occur, or which we become aware of, after the date hereof, except as otherwise may be required by law. All non-GAAP financial measure reconciliations to the most comparative GAAP measure are displayed in quantitative schedules on the company's website at www.deepwater.com.

This press release, or referenced documents, do not constitute an offer to sell, or a solicitation of an offer to buy, any securities, and do not constitute an offering prospectus within the meaning of article 652a or article 1156 of the Swiss Code of Obligations or a listing prospectus within the meaning of the listing rules of the SIX Swiss Exchange. Investors must rely on their own evaluation of Transocean and its securities, including the merits and risks involved. Nothing contained herein is, or shall be relied on as, a promise or representation as to the future performance of Transocean.

About Transocean

Transocean is a leading international provider of offshore contract drilling services for oil and gas wells. The company specializes in technically demanding sectors of the global offshore drilling business with a particular focus on deepwater and harsh environment drilling services, and believes that it operates one of the most versatile offshore drilling fleets in the world.

Transocean owns or has partial ownership interests in, and operates a fleet of, 71 mobile offshore drilling units consisting of 44 high-specification floaters (ultra-deepwater, deepwater and harshenvironment drilling rigs), 17 midwater floaters and 10 high-specification jackups. In addition, the company has seven ultra-deepwater drillships and five high-specification jackups under construction.

For more information about Transocean, please visit the company's website at www.deepwater.com.



Transocean

Fleet Status Report

January 15, 2015



Dynamically positioned ★

Dynamically positioned ★				Yr. ⁽¹⁾	Water	D. 100			Estimate I	Factor and		Dayrate on	Estir	nated Out of	Service Days	(4)	Estimated Out of Service Days ⁽⁴⁾			
Rig Type/Name	Footnote References	Floater Type	Dynamically Positioned	Entered Service	Water Depth (Feet)	Drilling Depth (Feet)	Location	Customer	Estimated Contract Start Date ⁽²⁾	Estimated Expiration Date ⁽²⁾	Current Contract (3) (Dollars)	Previous Contract (3) (Dollars)	Q1	201 Q2	4 Q3	Q4	Q1	2019 Q2	5 Q3	Q4
Rigs Under Construction (12)																				
Deepwater Thalassa	(6), (11)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	TBA	Shell	Q1 2016	Q1 2026	519,000	N/A								
Deepwater Proteus	(6), (11)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	TBA	Shell	Q2 2016	Q2 2026	519,000	N/A								
Deepwater Pontus	(6), (11)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	TBA	Shell	Q1 2017	Q4 2026	519,000	N/A								
Deepwater Poseidon	(6), (11)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	TBA	Shell	Q2 2017	Q2 2027	519,000	N/A								
Deepwater Conqueror	(6), (8), (11)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	USGOM	Chevron	Q4 2016	Q4 2021	599,000	N/A								
JSPL Ultra-Deepwater Drillship TBN 1	(9)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	TBA													
JSPL Ultra-Deepwater Drillship TBN 2	(9)	ship	*	TBA	12,000	40,000	TBA													
Transocean Cepheus	(12)			TBA	400	35,000	TBA													
Transocean Cassiopeia	(12)			TBA	400	35,000	TBA													
Transocean Centaurus	(12)			TBA	400	35,000	TBA													
Transocean Cetus	(12)			TBA	400	35,000	TBA													
Transocean Circinus	(12)			TBA	400	35,000	TBA													
High Specification Floater: Ultra-Deepwa	ater (29)																			
Deepwater Asgard		ship	*	2014	12,000	40,000	TBA	TBA	Aug-14	Jul-17	600,000	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Deepwater Invictus	(6), (20)	ship	*	2014	12,000	40,000	USGOM	BHP Billiton	Jul-14	Mar-17	595,000	N/A	-		-	-	-	-		-
Discoverer Americas	(6)	ship	*	2009	12,000	40,000	Tanzania	Statoil	Mar-14	Mar-16	735,000	636,000	-	-	-	28	-	-	-	-
Deepwater Champion	(6)	ship	*	2011	12,000	40,000	USGOM	ExxonMobil	Jun-12	Nov-15	677,000	655,000	-	-	-	-	-	4	10	-
Discoverer Clear Leader	(6), (8), (17)	ship	*	2009	12,000	40,000	USGOM	Chevron	Nov-14	Oct-18	590,000	569,000	-	-	-	18	-	-	-	-
Discoverer Inspiration	(6), (17)	ship	*	2010	12,000	40,000	USGOM	Chevron	Feb-10	Mar-15	523,000	494,000	-	-	-	-	4	17	-	-
	(6), (8), (17)						USGOM	Chevron	Mar-15	Mar-20	585,000	523,000								
Dhirubhai Deepwater KG1	(6), (7), (8)	ship	*	2009	12,000	35,000	Brazil	Petrobras	Dec-14	Dec-17	427,000	510,000	-	-	60	92	-	-	-	-
Dhirubhai Deepwater KG2		ship	*	2010	12,000	35,000	India	Reliance	Mar-12	Feb-15	510,000	573,000	-	13	-	-	15	-	55	13
•							India	Reliance	Feb-15	Jul-15	395,000	510,000								
Discoverer India	(14)	ship	*	2010	12,000	40,000	USGOM	Reliance	Sep-13	Sep-16	528,000	499,000	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-
							India	Reliance	Sep-16	Nov-20	508,000	528,000								
Petrobras 10000	(6), (7), (8)	ship	*	2009	12,000	37,500	Brazil	Petrobras	Feb-11	Jul-19	436,000	N/A	-	-	30	21	-	-	-	-
Discoverer Deep Seas	(6)	ship	*	2001	10,000	35,000	USGOM	Murphy Oil	Oct-13	Nov-16	608,000	456,000	-	-	-	-	-	78	-	-
Discoverer Enterprise		ship	*	1999	10,000	35,000	USGOM	BP	Dec-14	Jun-15	399,000	615,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Discoverer Spirit		ship	*	2000	10,000	35,000				ldle			-	-	61	61	-	-	-	-
GSF C.R. Luigs		ship	*	2000	10,000	35,000	USGOM						-	-	-	82	29	-	-	-
GSF Jack Ryan		ship	*	2000	10,000	35,000				Idle			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deepwater Discovery		ship	*	2000	10,000	30,000				Idle			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deepwater Frontier	(=)	ship	*	1999	10,000	30,000	A	144 1.1.1.	A 4.4	Idle	500.000	570.000	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deepwater Millennium	(7) (7)	ship	*	1999	10,000	30,000	Australia Australia	Woodside Woodside	Apr-14 Apr-15	Apr-15 Apr-16	589,000 600,000	570,000 589,000	90	24	•	-	-	-	-	-
Deepwater Pathfinder	(22)	ship	*	1998	10,000	30,000	ruotialia	Woodside	7 tp: 10	Idle	000,000	303,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Deepwater Expedition	` ′	ship	*	1999	8,500	30,000				Idle			_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Cajun Express		semi	*	2001	8,500	35,000	Ivory Coast	CNR	Dec-14	Dec-15	495,000	487,000	-	-	-	36	11	-	-	-
Deepwater Nautilus	(6), (8)	semi		2000	8,000	30,000	USGOM	Shell	Aug-12	Aug-17	531,000	551,000	-	-	-	-	28	91	15	-
GSF Explorer		ship	*	1972/1998	7,800	30,000			•	ldle			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Discoverer Luanda	(6), (13)	ship	*	2010	7,500	40,000	Angola	BP	Jan-11	Jan-18	483,000	N/A	-	-	-	-	14	-	-	-
GSF Development Driller I	(7), (8)	semi	*	2005	7,500	37,500	Angola	ExxonMobil	May-15	Apr-16	382,000	N/A	-	-	-	-	90	23	-	-
	(7), (8)						Angola	ExxonMobil	Apr-16	Apr-17	385,000	382,000								
GSF Development Driller II	(8)	semi	*	2005	7,500	37,500	Romania	Lukoil	Oct-14	Jul-15	355,000	606,000	-	73	92	31	-	-	-	-
Development Driller III	(6), (17)	semi	*	2009	7,500	37,500	USGOM	BP	Nov-09	Nov-16	431,000	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sedco Energy	(19)	semi	*	2001	7,500	35,000	Congo	Total	Sep-14	Oct-15	380,000	N/A	-	-	53	4	-	-	-	-
Sedco Express	(6)	semi	*	2001	7,500	35,000	Nigeria	CAMAC	Dec-14	Jan-15	300,000	N/A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
										Total E	stimated Days	Out of Service	98	110	296	373	191	258	80	13
										Estimate	d Average Cont	tract Dayrate ⁽⁵⁾	\$547,000	\$554,000	\$555,000	\$545,000	\$520,000	\$507,000	\$528,000	\$536,000
High Specification Floater: Deepwater (8	3)																			
Deepwater Navigator	(7), (8), (15)	ship	*	1971/2000	7,200	25,000	Brazil	Petrobras	May-11	Feb-16	371,000	190,000	-	-	-	8	-	-	-	
Transocean Marianas	(6), (8)	semi		1979/1998	7,000	30,000	South Africa	PetroSA	Jun-14	Apr-15	370,000	N/A	10	72	-	-	-	-		
Sedco 706	(6), (7), (8)	semi	*	1976/1994/ 2008	6,500	25,000	Brazil	Petrobras	May-14	Sep-16	290,000	361,000	-	23	-	-	59	1	-	-
Sedco 702	(6), (7)	semi	*	1973/2007	6,500	25,000	Nigeria	Shell	Sep-12	Feb-16	461,000	357,000	60	-	-	-	-	-		-
Sedco 707		semi	*	1976/1997	6,500	25,000				ldle			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GSF Celtic Sea		semi		1982/1998	5,750	25,000	Angola	ExxonMobil	Aug-13	Jan-15	332,000	324,000	-	-	-	-	-	•		-
							Angola	Vaalco	Jan-15	Mar-15	338,000	332,000								
Jack Bates	(7)	semi		1986/1997	5,400	30,000	Australia	Inpex	Dec-14	May-15	420,000	440,000	-	-	15	-	-	-	-	-
							Australia	Inpex	May-15	Feb-16	370,000	420,000								
M.G. Hulme, Jr.		semi		1983/1996	5,000	25,000	Malaysia	Petronas	Dec-14	Feb-15	174,000	N/A	-	35	7	41	-	-		-
	(7)						TBA	TBA	Feb-15	Nov-15	200,000	174,000								
										Total F	stimated Days	Out of Service	70	130	22	49	59	1	-	-
											d Average Conf		\$378,000	\$386,000	\$376,000	\$382,000	\$368,000	\$379,000	\$358,000	\$351,000



Dynamically positioned ★

				v. (1)		-						Dayrate on			(4)	Estimated Out of Service Days ⁽⁴⁾				
	Footnote	Floater	Dynamically	Yr. ⁽¹⁾ Entered	Water Depth	Drilling Depth			Estimated Contract	Estimated Expiration	Current Contract ⁽³⁾	Previous Contract ⁽³⁾		201	4			2015	5	
Rig Type/Name	References	Туре	Positioned	Service	(Feet)	(Feet)	Location	Customer	Start Date (2)	Date (2)	(Dollars)	(Dollars)	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
High Specification Floater: Harsh Enviro	onment (7)																			
Fransocean Barents	(6), (7)	semi	*	2009	10,000	30,000	NNS	Shell	Sep-14	Sep-15	562,000	574,000	-	-	68	-	-	-	-	-
Fransocean Spitsbergen	(6), (7), (16), (23)	semi	*	2010	10,000	30,000	NNS	Statoil	Jul-13	Jul-15	509,000	504,000	-	-	-	-	51	-	-	-
Henry Goodrich	(6)	semi		1985/2007	5,000	30,000	Canada	Suncor	Jun-14	Mar-15	476,000	346,000	-	-	-	-	13	91	-	-
Fransocean Leader	(6), (7)	semi		1987/1997	4,500	25,000	NNS	Statoil	Mar-12	Mar-15	377,000	469,000	-	-	-	-	-	45	-	-
	(21)						UKNS UKNS	Enquest Enquest	May-15 May-18	May-18 May-19	335,000 305,000	377,000 335,000								
Paul B. Loyd, Jr.	(7)	semi		1990	2,000	25,000	UKNS	BP	Sep-14	Mar-15	441,000	441,000	_	-	-	_	-	-	43	50
	(7)				,	-,	UKNS	BP	Mar-15	Aug-15	423,000	441,000								
	(7)						UKNS	BP	Nov-15	Mar-16	429,000	423,000								
	(7)						UKNS	BP	Mar-16	Sep-16	436,000	429,000								
	(7)						UKNS	BP	Sep-16	Mar-17	442,000	436,000								
Francoccan Arctic	(7)	comi		1986	1,650	25,000	UKNS NNS	BP Pig Management	Mar-17	Jun-17	449,000	442,000			64	_				
Fransocean Arctic	(6), (7)	semi		1900	1,650	25,000	ININO	Rig Management Norway	Jul-14	Jan-16	387,000	414,000	-	-	04	-	-	-	-	-
	(6), (7)						NNS	OMV	Jan-16	Jun-16	486,000	387,000								
Polar Pioneer	(6)	semi		1985	1,500	25,000	Alaska	Shell	Nov-14	Feb-15	592,000	523,000	-	74	78	92	-	-	-	-
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Feb-15	Mar-15	561,000	592,000								
	(6) (6)						Alaska Alaska	Shell Shell	Mar-15 Apr-15	Apr-15 Jun-15	592,000 561,000	561,000 592,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Jun-15	Oct-15	623,000	561,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Oct-15	Dec-15	561,000	623,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Dec-15	Apr-16	592,000	561,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Apr-16	Jun-16	561,000	592,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Jun-16	Oct-16	623,000	561,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Oct-16	Dec-16	561,000	623,000								
	(6)						Alaska	Shell	Dec-16	Jun-17	592,000	561,000								
										Total E	Estimated Days	Out of Service	_	74	210	92	64	136	43	50
										Estimate	d Average Con	ract Dayrate ⁽⁵⁾	\$464,000	\$460,000	\$467,000	\$485,000	\$470,000	\$469,000	\$471,000	\$398,000
Midwater Floaters (17)																				
Transocean Legend	(7)	semi		1983	3,500	25,000	Australia	Conoco Phillips	Apr-14	Jan-15	415,000	293,000	27	-	6	-	-	-	-	-
Transocean Amirante Transocean Driller	(7), (8)	semi semi		1978/1997 1991	3,500 3,000	25,000 25,000	Libya Brazil	ENI Petrobras	Dec-14 Jul-10	Nov-15 Jul-16	335,000 262,000	N/A 116,000	-	15	92	- 64	-	-	-	-
GSF Rig 135	(7), (8)	semi		1983	2,800	25,000	Nigeria	NPDC	Nov-14	Jun-15	311,000	387,000	_		-	-	-			
GSF Rig 140	(6)	semi		1983	2,800	25,000	India	ONGC	Mar-12	May-15	262,000	N/A	-	-	-	-	-		22	23
GSF Aleutian Key		semi		1976/1999/2001	2,300	25,000	Gabon			Stacked			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sedco 711		semi		1982	1,800	25,000	UKNS	Talisman	Dec-14	Jun-15	361,000	355,000	13	-	-	11	-	- 1	-	-
	(=)						UKNS	Talisman	Jun-15	Dec-15	366,000	361,000								
Transocean John Shaw	(7)	semi		1982	1,800	25,000	UKNS UKNS	Taqa Taqa	Apr-14 Jan-15	Jan-15 Jan-16	353,000 408,000	360,000 353,000	81	26	-	-	-	-	-	-
GSF Arctic III	(1)	semi		1984	1,800	25,000	ONNO	raya	Jan-13	Idle	400,000	333,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Sedco 712		semi		1983	1,600	25,000	UKNS	Talisman	Oct-14	Apr-15	391,000	386,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							UKNS	Talisman	Apr-15	Oct-15	397,000	391,000								
							UKNS	Talisman	Oct-15	Apr-16	403,000	397,000								
Cadaa 744	(7)			4000/4007	4.000	25 222	UKNS	Talisman	Apr-16	Oct-16	409,000	403,000		22	00					
Sedco 714	(7) (7)	semi		1983/1997	1,600	25,000	UKNS UKNS	Total Total	Sep-14 Sep-15	Sep-15 Mar-16	433,000 440,000	401,000 433,000	-	33	90	-				
GSF Grand Banks	(6), (8)	semi		1984	1,500	25,000	Canada	Husky	Jan-13	Sep-15	408,000	297,000	90	75	-	-	-	-		
Actinia	(-), (-)	semi		1982	1,500	25,000	India	ONGC	Jun-12	Jul-15	190,000	222,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	21	-
Transocean Winner	(6), (7)	semi		1983	1,500	25,000	NNS	Marathon	Jan-13	Jun-15	425,000	495,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	(6), (7)			4000/4000	4 500	05.000	NNS	Marathon	Jun-15	Jul-16	499,000	425,000								
Transocean Searcher	(6), (7)	semi		1983/1988	1,500	25,000	NNS NNS	BG Edison SnA	Jun-12	Jun-15	368,000	447,000 368,000	-	•	•	-	-			
Transocean Prospect	(7)	semi		1983/1992	1,500	25,000	UKNS	Edison SpA Conoco Phillips	Jun-15 Nov-14	Jul-15 Jan-15	340,000 409,000	403,000	_		_	-	_			
	(7)	55/111		1000/1002	.,500	25,000	UKNS	Conoco Phillips	Jan-15	May-15	373,000	409,000								
l				1974/1993	1,000	25,000	UKNS	Maersk	Jun-13	Aug-15	365,000	335,000	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Sedco 704	(7)	semi		1014/1000																
Sedco 704	. ,	semi		137-4/1300	<u> </u>		UKNS	Maersk	Aug-15	Feb-16	371,000	365,000								
Sedco 704	. ,	semi		131-4/1000			UKNS	Maersk	Aug-15		371,000 Estimated Days		211 \$345,000	149 \$352,000	188 \$361,000	75 \$362,000	- \$350,000	- \$352,000	43 \$377,000	23 \$387,000



Updated: January 15, 2015
Revisions Noted in Bold
Dynamically positioned ★

Rig Type/Name	Footnote References	Floater Type	Dynamically Positioned	Yr. ⁽¹⁾ Entered Service	Water Depth (Feet)	Drilling Depth (Feet)	Location	Customer	Estimated Contract Start Date ⁽²⁾	Estimated Expiration Date ⁽²⁾	Dayrate on Current Contract ⁽³⁾ (Dollars)	Dayrate on Previous Contract (3) (Dollars)
High Specification Jackups (10)												
GSF Constellation I	(8)			2003	400	30,000	Indonesia	Total	Sep-12	Jan-16	150,000	140,000
GSF Constellation II	(6)			2004	400	30,000	Gabon	Vaalco	Oct-14	Jul-16	167,000	165,000
GSF Galaxy I	(7)			1991/2001	400	30,000	UKNS	Total	Nov-14	May-15	211,000	211,000
	(7)						UKNS	Total	May-15	Nov-15	214,000	211,000
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Nov-15	May-16	218,000	214,000
	(7)						UKNS	Total	May-16	Nov-16	221,000	218,000
	(7)						UKNS	Total	Nov-16	May-17	224,000	221,000
GSF Galaxy II	(7)			1998	400	30,000	UKNS	GDF Suez	Nov-14	Mar-15	214,000	207,000
GSF Galaxy III				1999	400	30,000	Denmark	Maersk	Nov-14	Mar-15	175,000	160,000
Transocean Honor	(6), (13)			2012	400	30,000	Angola	Chevron	May-12	Apr-15	155,000	N/A
	(6)						Angola	Chevron	Apr-15	Apr-16	194,000	155,000
GSF Monarch	(7)			1986	350	30,000	UKNS	GDF Suez	Sep-14	Mar-15	165,000	168,000
Transocean Andaman	(6), (8)			2013	350	35,000	Thailand	Chevron	May-13	May-16	150,000	N/A
Transocean Siam Driller	(6), (8)			2013	350	35,000	Thailand	Chevron	Mar-13	Mar-18	140,000	N/A
Transocean Ao Thai	(6), (8)			2013	350	35,000	Thailand	Chevron	Oct-13	Sep-18	139,000	N/A
										Total E	stimated Days	Out of Service

Esti	mated Out of S	Service Days ⁽	4)
	2014		
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
90	48	-	-
31	-	-	-
-	-	6	44
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
121	48	6	44
\$158,000	\$166,000	\$165,000	\$167,000

511

722

633

323

500

Esti	mated Out of	Service Days ⁽	4)
	201	5	
Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	80	-	-
9	-	-	-
-	-	-	-
-	-	5	3
-	-	8	-
-	-	-	-
9	80	13	3
\$167,000	\$163,000	\$165,000	\$165,00

475

179

Estimated Average Contract Dayrate⁽⁵⁾

Total Estimated Days Out of Service

Fixed-Price Options - See Footn	ote 10											
High Specification Floater: Ultra-Deepv	vater											
Deepwater Asgard		ship	*	2014	12,000	40,000	TBA	TBA	Jun-17	Jun-18	530,000	600,000
Dhirubhai Deepwater KG2	(18)	ship	*	2010	12,000	35,000	India	Reliance	Oct-15	Jan-16	395,000	395,000
GSF Development Driller II	(6)	semi	*	2005	7,500	37,500	Romania	Lukoil	Jul-15	Feb-16	400,000	355,000
Discoverer Enterprise		ship	*	1999	10,000	35,000	USGOM	BP	Jun-15	Sep-15	415,000	399,000
-							USGOM	BP	Sep-15	Dec-15	415,000	415,000
							USGOM	BP	Dec-15	Mar-16	415,000	415,000
							USGOM	BP	Mar-16	Jun-16	415,000	415,000
Cajun Express		semi	*	2001	8,500	35,000	Ivory Coast	CNR	Dec-15	Feb-16	495,000	495,000
High Specification Floater: Deepwater												
Jack Bates		semi		1986/1997	5,400	30,000	Australia	Inpex	Feb-16	Nov-16	370,000	370,000
Transocean Marianas	(6), (8)	semi		1979/1998	7,000	30,000	South Africa	PetroSA	Apr-15	Sep-15	370,000	370,000
	(6), (8)						South Africa	PetroSA	Sep-15	Feb-16	370,000	370,000
High Specification Floater: Harsh Envir	ronment											
Polar Pioneer	(6)	semi		1985	1,500	25,000	Alaska	Shell	Jun-17	Oct-17	623,000	589,000
Paul B. Loyd, Jr.	(7)	semi		1990	2,000	25,000	UKNS	BP	Jun-17	Sep-17	449,000	453,000
	(7)						UKNS	BP	Sep-17	Mar-18	456,000	449,000
	(7)						UKNS	BP	Mar-18	Jun-18	463,000	456,000
High Specification Jackups												
GSF Galaxy I	(6), (7)			1991/2001	400	30,000	UKNS	Total	May-17	May-18	240,000	231,000
	(6), (7)						UKNS	Total	May-18	May-19	250,000	240,000
Revenue Efficiency												
·												

Revenue efficiency is defined as actual contract drilling revenues for the measurement period divided by the maximum revenue calculated for the measurement period, expressed as a percentage. Maximum revenue is defined as the greatest amount of contract drilling revenues the drilling unit could earn for the measurement period, excluding amounts related to incentive provisions. Revenue Efficiency does not apply during Out of Service Days (Shipyard, Mobilizations, Demobilizations, Contract Preparation).

	Q3 2014 Actual	Q2 2014 Actual	Q1 2014 Actual	Q4 2013 Actual	Q3 2013 Actual	Q2 2013 Actual	Q1 2013 Actual	Q4 2012 Actual
Ultra Deepwater	91.6%	94.0%	96.4%	90.0%	92.5%	91.1%	83.8%	95.5%
Deepwater	93.3%	94.5%	100.5%	95.0%	91.1%	91.8%	86.4%	90.9%
Harsh Environment Floaters	94.7%	95.7%	96.3%	92.1%	99.9%	98.3%	97.6%	97.3%
Midwater Floaters	92.2%	97.0%	91.1%	92.3%	95.3%	94.5%	92.1%	93.9%
High Specification Jackups	97.0%	97.3%	94.5%	97.2%	98.9%	98.6%	96.4%	95.2%
Total Fleet - Continuing Operations	92.6%	95.0%	95.7%	91.7%	94.0%	93.1%	88.0%	94.7%

Estimated Contract Drilling Revenue can be calculated as: Paid Days on Contract * Average Contract Dayrate * Revenue Efficiency



Footnotes

- (1) Dates shown are the original service date and the date of the most recent upgrade, if any.
- (2) Estimated Contract Start and Estimated Expiration Dates are calculated as follows: (1) for events estimated to occur between the 1st and 15th of a month, the previous month is reported (i.e. a contract which is estimated to commence on May 4, 2014 will be reported as commencing in April 2014) and (2) for events estimated to occur between the 16th and the end of a month, the actual month is reported (i.e. a contract which is estimated to commence on May 24, 2014 will be reported as commencing in May 2014). Expiration dates represent the company's current estimate of the earliest date the contract for each rig is likely to expire. Some rigs have two or more contracts in continuation, so the last line shows the estimated earliest availability. Many contracts permit the customer to extend the contract.
- (3) Represents the full operating dayrate, although the average dayrate over the term of the contract will be lower and could be substantially lower. Does not reflect incentive programs which are typically based on the rig's operating performance against a performance curve. Please refer to the "Customer Contract Duration and Dayrates and Risks Associated with Operations" section of the Disclaimers & Definitions for a description of dayrates. This column may not reflect the rate currently being received under the contract as a result of an applicable standby rate or other rate, which typically is less than the contract dayrate.
- (4) The out of service time represents those days where a rig is scheduled to be out of service and not be available to earn an operating dayrate. Please refer to the "Out of Service Days (Shipyards, Mobilizations, Demobilizations, Contract Preparation)" section of the Disclaimers & Definitions for a full description.
- (5) Estimated Average Contract Dayrate is defined as the average contracted full operating dayrate to be earned per revenue earning day. See note (3) for definition of full operating dayrate.
- (6) Reflects the current contracted dayrate which could reflect prior cost escalations and could change in the future due to further cost escalations.
- (7) Reflects the current contracted dayrate which, along with costs, includes a foreign currency component. Changes in the value of the U.S. Dollar relative to certain foreign currencies will result in an adjustment to the dayrate according to the terms of the contract. The dayrate adjustment generally offsets the foreign currency exchange-related change in costs.
- (8) Current contract provides for a bonus incentive opportunity not reflected in the stated current contract dayrate.
- (9) On February 26, 2014, a subsidiary of Transocean Ltd. awarded contracts to Sembcorp Marine's subsidiary, Jurong Shipyard, in Singapore for construction of two newbuild dynamically positioned ultra-deepwater drillships. The two drillships are expected to be delivered from the shipyard in the second quarter of 2017 and the first quarter of 2018, respectively.
- (10) Fixed price options may be exercised at the customer's discretion. During periods when dayrates on new contracts are increasing relative to existing contracts, the likelihood of customers' exercising fixed price options increases. During periods when dayrates on new contracts are decreasing relative to existing contracts, the likelihood of customers' exercising fixed price options declines.
- (11) The contract is expected to start in the quarter indicated. Factors that could influence the contract start date include shipyard delivery, customer acceptance, and mobilization to operating location, among others.
- (12) The first of five newbuild high-specification jackups contracted to Keppel FELS Limited's shipyard in Singapore is expected to be delivered from the shipyard in the first quarter of 2016 and the remaining four jackups delivered at approximately four-month intervals thereafter.
- (13) The rig is owned by a joint venture in which the company owns less than a 100 percent interest. Dayrate reflects 100 percent of the contract rate.
- (14) The customer may elect to have the operating dayrate for the last five years of the contract fluctuate based on crude oil price with a floor of \$458,250 corresponding to a crude oil price of less than or equal to \$50 per barrel, and a ceiling of \$558,250 corresponding to a crude oil price of \$100 per barrel or greater.
- (15) While the customer has the option to add any out of service days to the end of the contract, the Estimated Expiration Date does not reflect any extension due to this option until actually exercised by the
- (16) Dayrate excludes additional premiums for parallel operations at well centers and dynamic position operations.
- (17) The rig is owned by Transocean Partners LLC in which the company owns less than a 100% interest. Please refer to Transocean Partners LLC (NYSE: RIGP) Fleet Status Report which can be found at www.transoceanpartners.com.
- (18) At the customer's discretion, the fixed priced option can be either three or five months.
- (19) Reflects the dayrate while the Sedco Energy is used for deepwater or dynamic positioning programs. While the rig is used for midwater moored programs, the dayrate will be \$370,475.
- (20) Mobilization, customer commissioning and acceptance testing commenced in March 2014. Revenue of approximately \$52 million earned from March 2014 to July 2014 will be recognized over the remaining three-year contract period ending in March 2017.
- (21) The dayrate for the last year of the contract will be set three months prior to the third anniversary of the contract commencement date, subject to a floor dayrate of \$305,000 and a ceiling dayrate of \$365,000, pursuant to the terms of the contract.
- (22) ENI has repudiated the contract. Transocean is contesting the termination, and it is taking legal action to recover its lost profits.
- (23) The customer has exercised a contract provision whereby the estimated dayrate will be \$400,000 from approximately November 10, 2014 to December 31, 2014.



Updated: January 15, 2015 Revisions Noted in Bold

Rig Type/Name	Start Date		
Stacked Rigs			
Midwater Floaters (1)			
GSF Aleutian Key	1/9/2010		
Idle (9)			
Discoverer Spirit	12/1/2014		
Jack Ryan	9/18/2014		
Deepwater Discovery	11/18/2014		
Deepwater Frontier	1/7/2015		
Deepwater Pathfinder	11/1/2014		
Deepwater Expedition	12/3/2014		
GSF Explorer	11/19/2014		
Sedco 707	1/12/2015		
GSF Arctic III	10/23/2014		

Stacked and Idle rigs detailed above are not currently operating on contract. Start date denotes when rig commences idle or stacked status.

An "Idle" rig is between contracts, readily available for operations, and operating costs are typically at or near normal levels. A "Stacked" rig, on the other hand, is manned by a reduced crew or unmanned and typically has reduced operating costs and is (i) preparing for an extended period of inactivity, (ii) expected to continue to be inactive for an extended period, or (iii) completing a period of extended inactivity. However, stacked rigs will continue to incur operating costs at or above normal operating costs for 30 to 60 days following initiation of stacking.



DISCLAIMERS & DEFINITIONS

The information contained in this Fleet Status Report (the "Information") is as of the date of the report only and is subject to change without notice to the recipient. Transocean Ltd. assumes no duty to update any portion of the Information.

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Customer Contract Duration, Timing and Dayrates and Risks Associated with Operations. The duration and timing (including both starting and ending dates) of the customer contracts are estimates only, and customer contracts are subject to cancellation, suspension and delays for a variety of reasons, including some beyond the control of Transocean. Also, the dayrates set forth in the report are estimates based upon the full contractual operating dayrate. However, the actual average dayrate earned over the course of any given contract will be lower and could be substantially lower. The actual average dayrate will depend upon a number of factors (rig downtime, suspension of operations, etc.) including some beyond the control of Transocean. Our customer contracts and operations are generally subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, and we urge you to review the description and explanation of such risks and uncertainties in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which are available free of charge on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. The dayrates do not include revenue for mobilizations, demobilizations, upgrades, shipyards or recharges.

Out of Service Days (Shipyards, Mobilizations, Demobilizations, Contract Preparation). Changes in estimated out of service time are noted where changes in the time Transocean anticipates that a rig is scheduled to be out of service and not be available to earn an operating dayrate have changed by a period of 15 days or longer for all rig classifications since the previously issued Monthly Fleet Update Summary or Comprehensive Fleet Status Report. The changes to estimated out of service time included in this Fleet Status may not be firm and could change significantly based on a variety of factors. Any significant changes to our estimates of out of service time will be reflected in subsequent Monthly Fleet Updates and Comprehensive Fleet Status Reports, as applicable.

Contract Preparation refers to periods during which the rig is undergoing modifications or upgrades as a result of contract requirements. Shipyards refers to periods during which the rig is out of service as a result of other scheduled shipyards, surveys, repairs, regulatory inspections or other scheduled service or work on the rig.

In some instances such as certain mobilizations, demobilizations, upgrades and shipyards, we are paid compensation by our customers that is generally recognized over the life of the primary contract term of the drilling project, although such compensation is not typically significant in relation to the revenues generated by the dayrates we charge our customers. When mobilization or demobilization occurs during a contract period, we recognize revenues as earned. In instances where mobilization or demobilization time occurs before or between the start of a contract period, the stated estimated contract start date represents the expected commencement date for the primary contract term of the drilling project and the point at which we expect to begin recognizing revenues.

Forward-Looking Statement. The statements made in the Fleet Update that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Forward-looking statements made in the Fleet Update include, but are not limited to, statements involving the estimated duration of customer contracts, contract dayrate amounts, future contract commencement dates and locations and planned shipyard projects and other out of service time. Such statements are subject to numerous risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including but not limited to, uncertainties relating to the level of activity in offshore oil and gas exploration and development, exploration success by producers, oil and gas prices, competition and market conditions in the contract drilling industry, shipyard delays, actions and approvals of third parties, possible cancellation or suspension of drilling contracts as a result of mechanical difficulties or performance, Transocean's ability to enter into and the terms of future contracts, the availability of qualified personnel, labor relations and the outcome of negotiations with unions representing workers, operating hazards, factors affecting the duration of contracts including well-in-progress provisions, the actual amount of downtime, factors resulting in reduced applicable dayrates, hurricanes and other weather conditions, terrorism, political and other uncertainties inherent in non-U.S. operations (including the risk of war, civil disturbance, seizure or damage of equipment and exchange and currency fluctuations), the impact of governmental laws and regulations, the adequacy of sources of liquidity, the effect of litigation and contingencies and other factors described above and discussed in Transocean's most recently filed Form 10-K, in Transocean's Forms 10-Q for subsequent periods and in Transocean's other filings with the SEC's which are available free of charge on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Fleet Classification. Transocean uses a rig classification for its semisubmersible rigs and drillships to reflect the company's strategic focus on the ownership and operation of premium, high specification floating rigs. The rig classification "High Specification Floaters" is comprised of "Ultra-Deepwater" which refers to the latest generation of semisubmersible rigs and drillships possessing the latest technical drilling capabilities and the ability to operate in water depths equal to or greater than 7,500 feet, "Deepwater" which refers to semisubmersible rigs and drillships that possess the ability to drill in water depths equal to or greater than 4,500 feet, and "Harsh Environment" comprised of seven of the company's premium harsh environment rigs, the semisubmersibles Transocean Barents, Transocean Spitsbergen, Henry Goodrich, Transocean Leader, Paul B. Loyd, Jr., Transocean Arctic and Polar Pioneer. The category titled "Midwater Floaters" represents semisubmersible rigs and drillships that possess the ability to drill in water depths of up to 4,499 feet. The category titled "High Specification Jackups" consists of high performance jackup rigs that possess the ability to drill in water depths of 400 feet or less.

Stacking. An "Idle" rig is between contracts, readily available for operations, and operating costs are typically at or near normal levels. A "Stacked" rig, on the other hand, is manned by a reduced crew or unmanned and typically has reduced operating costs and is (i) preparing for an extended period of inactivity, (ii) expected to continue to be inactive for an extended period, or (iii) completing a period of extended inactivity. However, stacked rigs will continue to incur operating costs at or above normal operating costs for 30 to 60 days following initiation of stacking.